# SIMPSON COUNTY REPORT OF ENDANGERED, THREATENED, AND SPECIAL CONCERN PLANTS, ANIMALS, AND NATURAL COMMUNITIES OF KENTUCKY

PRESERVES COMMISSION 801 SCHENKEL LANE FRANKFORT, KY 40601 (502) 573-2886 (phone) (502) 573-2355 (fax)

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# Kentucky State Nature Preserves Commission Key for County List Report

Within a county, elements are arranged first by taxonomic complexity (plants first, natural communities last), and second by scientific name. A key to status, ranks, and count data fields follows.

### **STATUS**

KSNPC: Kentucky State Nature Preserves Commission status:

USESA: U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service status:

SOMC = Species of Management Concern

## **RANKS**

GRANK: Estimate of element abundance on a global scale:

G1 = Critically imperiled GU = Unrankable

G2 = Imperiled G#? = Inexact rank (e.g. G2?)
G3 = Vulnerable G#Q = Questionable taxonomy

G4 = Apparently secure G#T# = Infraspecific taxa (Subspecies and variety abundances are coded with a 'T' suffix; the 'G'

G5 = Secure portion of the rank then refers to the entire species)

GH = Historic, possibly extinct GNR = Unranked GX = Presumed extinct GNA = Not applicable

SRANK: Estimate of element abundance in Kentucky:

S1 = Critically imperiled SU = Unrankable Migratory species may have separate ranks for different

S2 = Imperiled S#? = Inexact rank (e.g. G2?) population segments (e.g. S1B, S2N, S4M):

S3 = Vulnerable S#Q = Questionable taxonomy S#B = Rank of breeding population
S4 = Apparently secure S#T# = Infraspecific taxa S#N = Rank of non-breeding population
S5 = Secure SNR = Unranked S#M = Rank of transient population

SH = Historic, possibly extirpated SNA = Not applicable

SX = Presumed extirpated

### **COUNT DATA FIELDS**

# OF OCCURRENCES: Number of occurrences of a particular element from a county. Column headings are as follows:

- E currently reported from the county
- H reported from the county but not seen for at least 20 years
- F reported from county & cannot be relocated but for which further inventory is needed
- X known to be extirpated from the county
- U reported from a county but cannot be mapped to a quadrangle or exact location.

The data from which the county report is generated is continually updated. The date on which the report was created is in the report footer. Contact KSNPC for a current copy of the report.

Please note that the quantity and quality of data collected by the Kentucky Natural Heritage Program are dependent on the research and observations of many individuals and organizations. In most cases, this information is not the result of comprehensive or site-specific field surveys; many natural areas in Kentucky have never been thoroughly surveyed, and new species of plants and animals are still being discovered. For these reasons, the Kentucky Natural Heritage Program cannot provide a definitive statement on the presence, absence, or condition of biological elements in any part of Kentucky. Heritage reports summarize the existing information known to the Kentucky Natural Heritage Program at the time of the request regarding the biological elements or locations in question. They should never be regarded as final statements on the elements or areas being considered, nor should they be substituted for on-site surveys required for environmental assessments.

KSNPC appreciates the submission of any endangered species data for Kentucky from field observations. For information on data reporting or other data services provided by KSNPC, please contact the Data Manager at:

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County	Taxonomic Group	Scientific name	Common name	Statuses	Ranks	# of Occurrences				
Hab	pitat					Е	Н	F	Χ	U
Simpson Woo	Vascular Plants ods near/on rocky slopes and	Forestiera ligustrina along streams, in barrens and glades.	Upland Privet	T/	G4G5 / S2S3	2	0	0	0	0
Simpson	Vascular Plants	Isoetes butleri	Butler's Quillwort	E/	G4 / S1	1	0	0	0	0
		of limestone glades and prairies, less commonly in l barrens; in KY, wet area on a cedar glade.	imey areas of acidic glades and prairies or along p	ponds and creeks (Stey	ermark 1999); flats ar	nd				
Simpson	Vascular Plants	Leavenworthia torulosa	Necklace Gladecress	Τ/	G4 / S2	2	0	0	0	0
Lime	estone glades and other thin-s	soil areas where limestone bedrock is at or near sur	face, holding water in spring.							
Simpson	Vascular Plants	Malvastrum hispidum	Hispid Falsemallow	T /	G3G5 / S2?	1	0	0	0	0
	open non-wooded areas such /ermark 1963 in part); in KY, o	as prairies, both limestone and sandstone, glades old fields.	, edges of bluffs, and barrens, sometimes open all	luvial ground in valleys	and along gravel bars	(				
Simpson	Vascular Plants	Oenothera triloba	Stemless Evening-primrose	Τ/	G4 / S1S2	1	0	0	0	0
Dry v	woods, barrens, and prairies,	often calcareous; in KY, glades, dry limestone soil,	rock outcrops in fields.							
Simpson Low	Vascular Plants grounds, prairies, and rich wo	Perideridia americana pods.	Eastern Yampah	Τ/	G4 / S2	1	0	0	0	0
Simpson	Vascular Plants	Silphium pinnatifidum	Tansy Rosinweed	S/	G3Q / S3	1	0	0	0	0
	RRENS AND PRAIRIES.		D 1 D 1	<b>T</b> /	G5 / S2S3		•	•	•	•
Simpson Prair	Vascular Plants ries, limestone glades, limesto	Sporobolus clandestinus one cliff edges, along railroads.	Rough Dropseed	Τ/	G57 3233	1	0	0	0	0
Simpson Lime	Vascular Plants estone glades.	Talinum calcaricum	Limestone Fameflower	E/	G3 / S1	1	0	0	0	0
Simpson	Gastropods	Leptoxis praerosa	Onyx Rocksnail	S/SOMC	G5 / S3S4	1	0	0	0	0
	L (1895) INDICATED THAT II INDANT "CONFERVOID" VE	N THE OHIO RIVER AT THE FALLS IT OCCURREGETATION.	ED IN THE GREATEST PROFUSION WHERE TH	E BOTTOM IS CLEAN	ROCK OR ROCK WI	ТН				
Simpson	Gastropods	Rabdotus dealbatus	Whitewashed Rabdotus	T /	G5 / S1S2	2	0	0	0	0
A CA	ALCIPHILE AND IS FOUND O	CRAWLING ON THE GROUND OR ON LOW VEGI	ETATION IN WET WEATHER (HUBRICHT 1985).							
Simpson	Freshwater Mussels	Villosa ortmanni	Kentucky Creekshell	T / SOMC	G2 / S2	4	0	1	0	0
	O' 1	nge in size from small (1st order) spring fed stream I boulder with mixed gravel and sand over bedrock	, , , ,	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		ow.				
Simpson	Freshwater Mussels	Villosa vanuxemensis	Mountain Creekshell	Т/	G4 / S2	1	0	0	0	0
	ABITS SAND TO HETEROGE REAMS (AHLSTEDT 1984, GO	ENOUS MIXTURES IN AND ADJACENT TO SHAL DRDON AND LAYZER 1989).	LOW RIFFLES AND SHOALS IN SLOW TO FAST	T CURRENT OF SMAL	L TO MEDIUM-SIZED	)				
Simpson LIVE	Crustaceans ES UNDER OR NEAR LARGE	Barbicambarus cornutus E, FLAT COBBLES OR BOULDERS IN STREAMS.	Bottlebrush Crayfish	S/	G3G4 / S2	2	0	0	0	0
Simpson SUB	Crustaceans BTERRANEAN WATERS (HO	Orconectes pellucidus BBS 1976).	Mammoth Cave Crayfish	S/SOMC	G5 / S3	0	0	1	0	0
Simpson	Insects	Batriasymmodes quisnamus	A Cave Obligate Beetle	Т/	G3G4 / S2S3	0	2	0	0	0
Simpson	Fishes	Noturus exilis	Slender Madtom	E/	G5 / S1	1	0	0	0	0
•		riffles and pools with a substrate of gravel, rubble,			1993). Also occurs in	•	3	,	•	•

This is a benthic fish that inhabits riffles and pools with a substrate of gravel, rubble, and/or slab rocks in streams (Burr and Warren 1986, Etnier and Starnes 1993). Also occurs in cover along wave-swept margins of reservoirs. Adults live in pools until June and July, when reproduction occurs (Mayden and Burr 1981). Young live in riffles and shallow margins of pools.

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County	<b>Taxonomic Group</b>	Scientific name	Common name	Statuses	Ranks	# of Occurrences				
Habitat						Е	Н	F	Χ	U
Simpson	Fishes	Typhlichthys subterraneus	Southern Cavefish	S/SOMC	G4 / S2S3	1	0	0	0	0
		tone bedrocks are honeycombed by subsurface drainage gs and wells (Cooper 1980, Cooper and Beiter 1972, Pfl			d, and mud, or rubble					
Simpson CON	Amphibians NFINED TO RUNNING WATE	Cryptobranchus alleganiensis alleganiensis RS OF FAIRLY LARGE STREAMS AND RIVERS.	Eastern Hellbender	S/SOMC	G3G4T3T4 / S3	1	0	0	0	0
Simpson	Breeding Birds	Anas discors	Blue-winged Teal	Т/	G5 / S1S2B	1	0	0	0	0
	RSHES, PONDS, SLOUGHS, W01NA).	LAKES AND SLUGGISH STREAMS. IN MIGRATION A	ND WHEN NOT BREEDING, IN BOTH	FRESHWATER AND BRAC	KISH SITUATIONS (B	33				
Simpson	Breeding Birds	Thryomanes bewickii	Bewick's Wren	S/SOMC	G5 / S3B	1	0	0	0	0
		D SCRUB IN OPEN COUNTRY, OPEN AND RIPARIAN ROPICAL AND TEM- PERATE ZONES) (B83COM01NA)			RE- GIONS BUT LOCA	LLY				
Simpson	Breeding Birds	Tyto alba	Barn Owl	S/	G5 / S3	1	0	0	0	0
		NTRY IN A WIDE VARIETY OF SITUATIONS, OFTEN A ALSO ROOSTS IN NEST BOXES IF AVAILABLE (A85)		OM01NA). IN NORTHERN	WINTER OFTEN					
Simpson	Mammals	Myotis grisescens	Gray Myotis	T/LE	G3 / S2	1	0	0	0	0
Gray	y bats use primarily caves thro	oughout the year, although they move from one cave to a	nother seasonally. Males and young of	the year use different caves	in summer than female	es.				
Simpson	Communities	Limestone flat rock glade		1	GNR / S1	1	0	0	0	0

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